

Do we have racial equality in the United States today?

Please go to pollev.com/heines on your computer or mobile device to reply.



TANYA MCDOWELL
Lied about the school
district she "lived" in
so her 6-year-old
could go to a better
school, even though
she was homeless.
SENTENCED TO
5 YEARS IN JAIL



FELICITY HUFFMAN
Paid \$15,000 to an
SAT test administrator
to cheat on her
daughter's test, so her
daughter could get into
a better college.
SENTENCED TO
14 DAYS IN JAIL.

"[The United States] has a system of justice that treats you much better if you're rich and guilty than if you're poor and innocent. Wealth, not culpability, shapes outcomes."

— Bryan Stevenson

"You're 11 times more likely to get the death penalty if the *victim* is white than if the victim is black, and 22 times more likely to get it if the *defendant* is black and the victim is white."

— Bryan Stevenson

## Let's consider ...

If your family lived in the South in 1776 and was well-to-do, would your family have owned slaves?

Please go to pollev.com/heines on your computer or mobile device to reply.

If your family lived in the North in 1776 and was well-to-do but didn't own slaves, would you have had any responsibility for the institution of slavery?

Please go to pollev.com/heines on your computer or mobile device to reply.



Are you and I responsible for the lingering effects of slavery today?

Please go to pollev.com/heines on your computer or mobile device to reply.

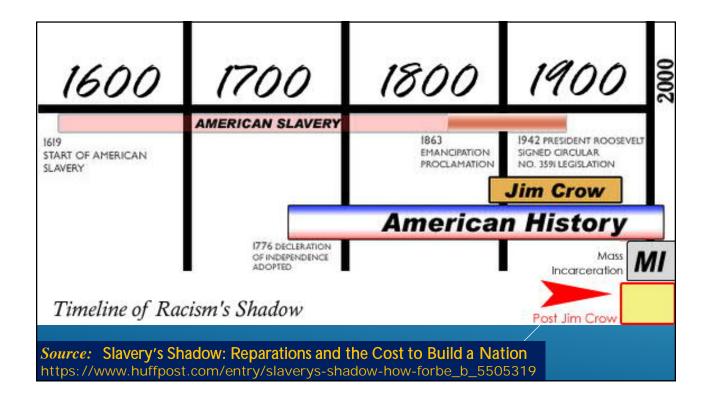
Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

- THIRTEENTH AMENDMENT,
UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

Signed January 31, 1865

of slavery at the end of the Civil War, freed slaves often found themselves subject to conditions of forced labor that approximated slavery. This "Age of Neoslavery" lasted until the end of World War in

Source:
Circular No. 3591
By Francis Biddle
https://en.wikisource.org/wiki/
Circular\_No.\_3591





THE NATIONAL MEMORIAL FOR PEACE AND JUSTICE

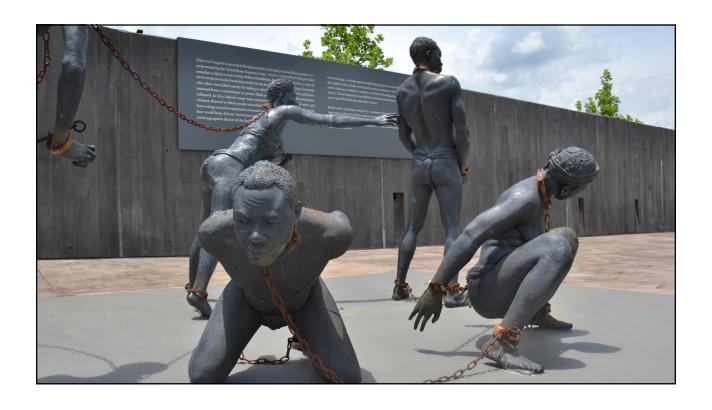
Nearly 25 percent of African American lynching victims were accused of sexual assault and nearly 30 percent were accused of murder. Because African Americans were presumed guilty and dangerous, accusations lodged against them were rarely scrutinized. Nearly all were lynched without an investigation, much less a trial. Efforts to pass federal anti-lynching legislation repeatedly failed because of opposition by Southern elected officials. Only 1 percent of lynchings committed after 1900 led to a criminal conviction.

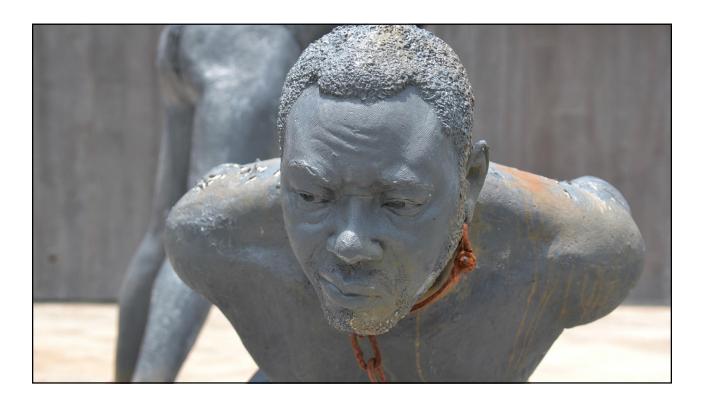
With no protection from the constant threat of death, nearly six million black Americans fled the South between 1910 and 1970. Many left behind homes, families, and employment to flee racial terror as traumatized refugees. Lynching profoundly reshaped the geographic, political, social, and economic conditions of African Americans in ways still evident today.

FOR THE HANGED AND BEATEN.
FOR THE SHOT, DROWNED, AND BURNED.
FOR THE TORTURED, TORMENTED, AND TERRORIZED.
FOR THOSE ABANDONED BY THE RULE OF LAW.

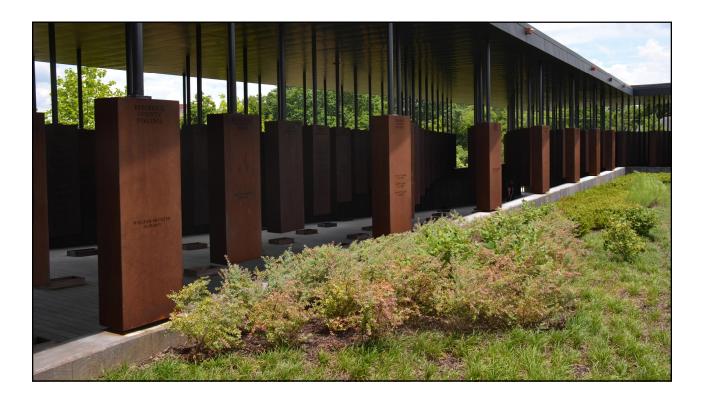
WE WILL REMEMBER.

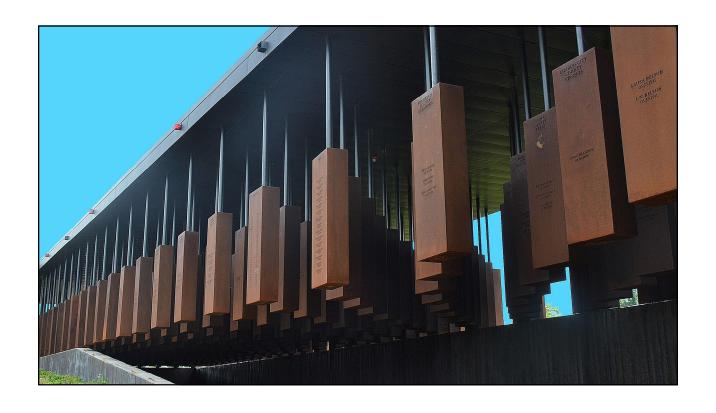
WITH HOPE BECAUSE HOPELESSNESS IS THE ENEMY OF JUSTICE.
WITH COURAGE BECAUSE PEACE REQUIRES BRAVERY.
WITH PERSISTENCE BECAUSE JUSTICE IS A CONSTANT STRUGGLE.
WITH FAITH BECAUSE WE SHALL OVERCOME.



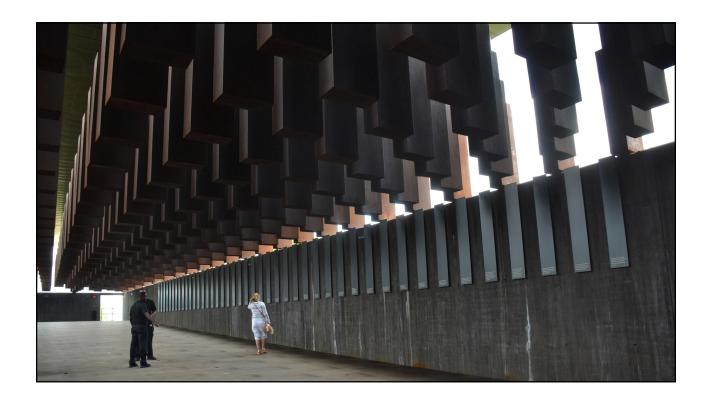






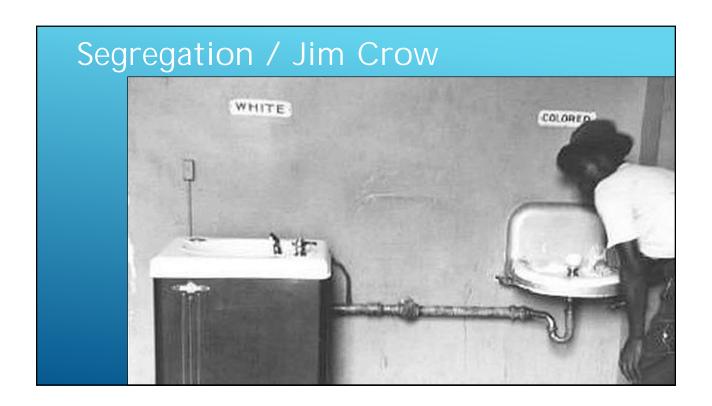












# Brown vs. Board of Education



On May 17, 1954, U.S. Supreme Court Chief Justice Earl Warren delivered the unanimous ruling against the "separate but equal" mandate and demanded desegregation.

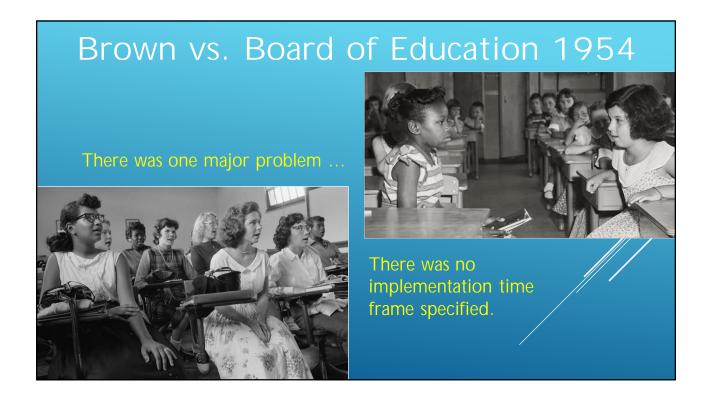
George Hayes, Thurgood Marshall, James Nabrit

# Brown vs. Board of Education 1954

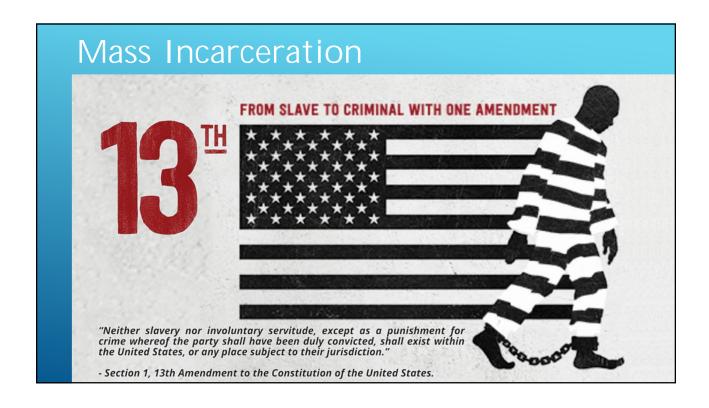
There was one major problem

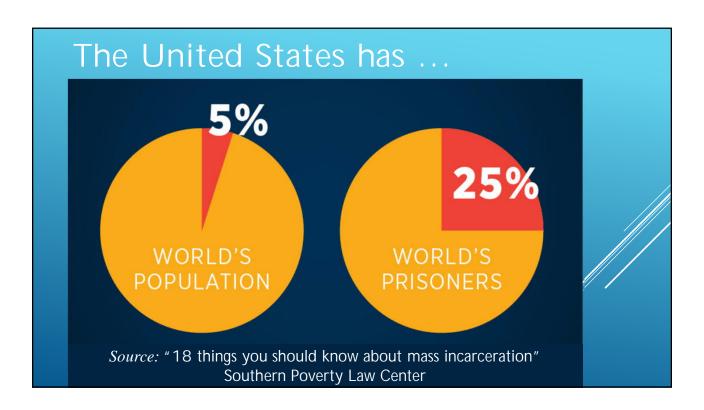


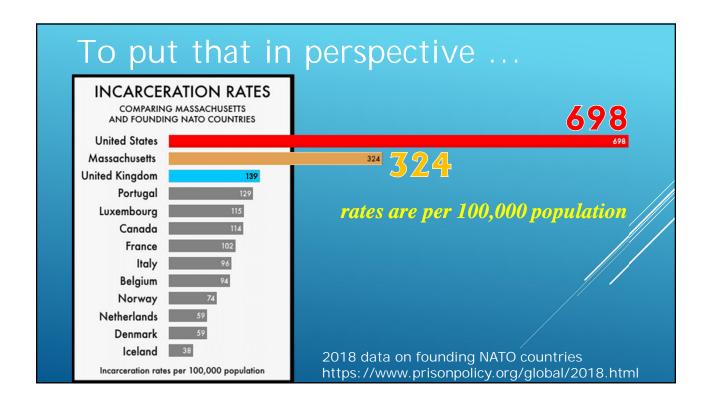


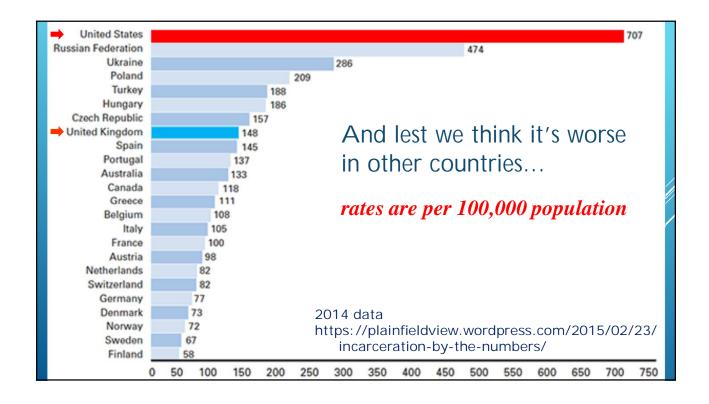


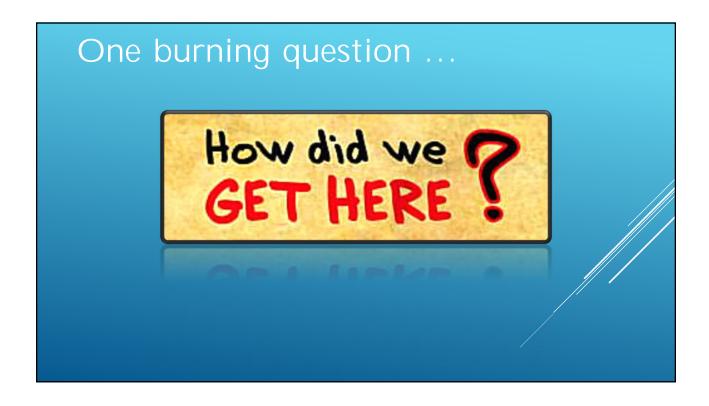


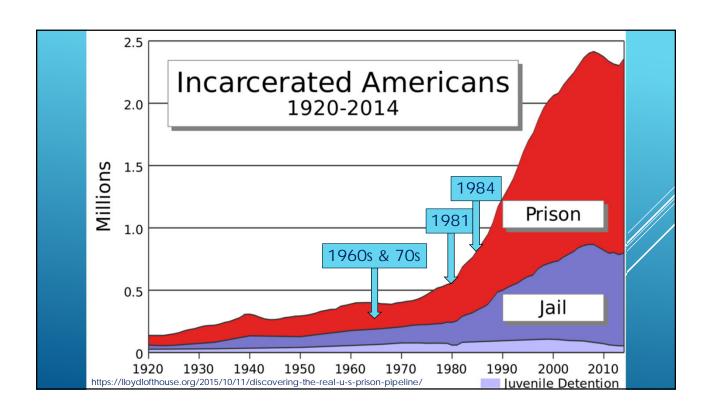


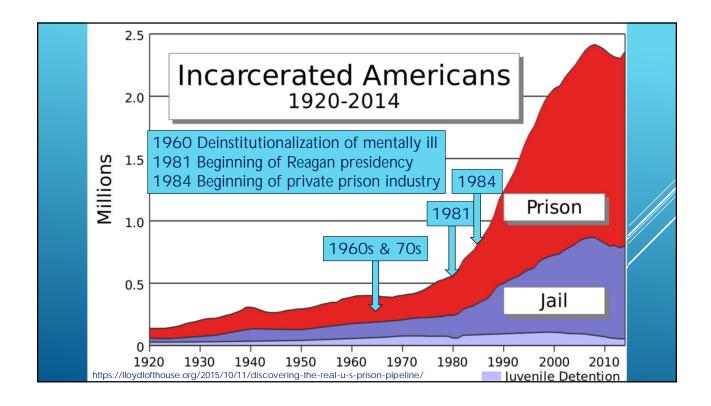


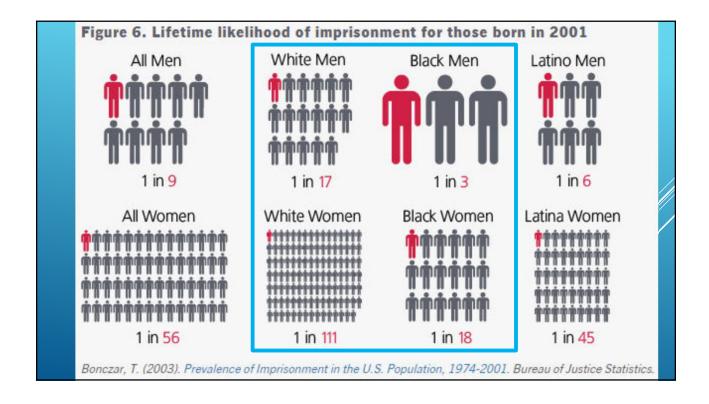


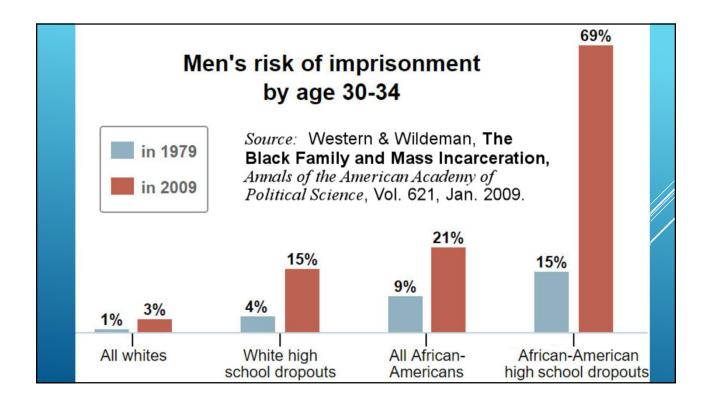


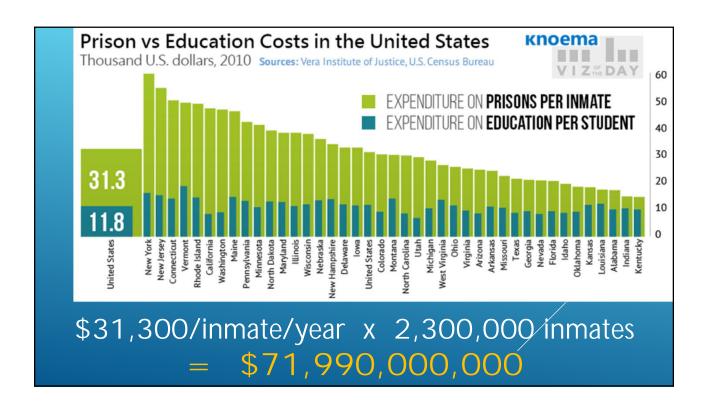




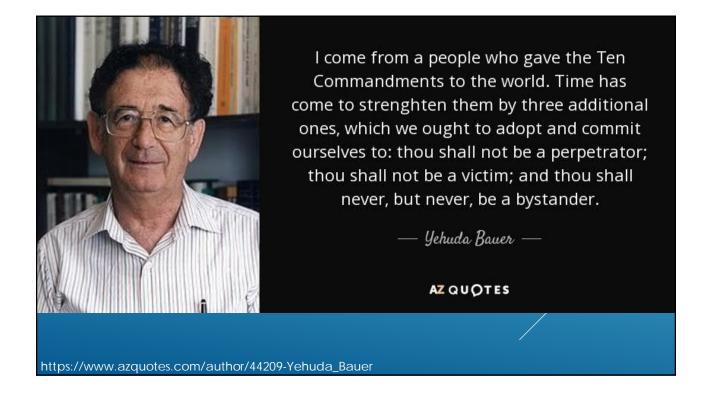


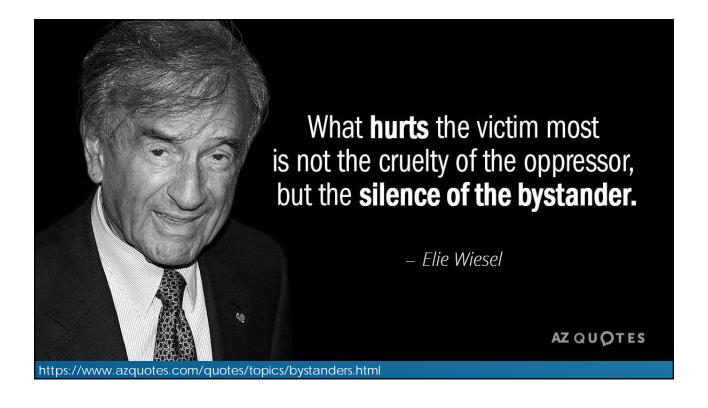


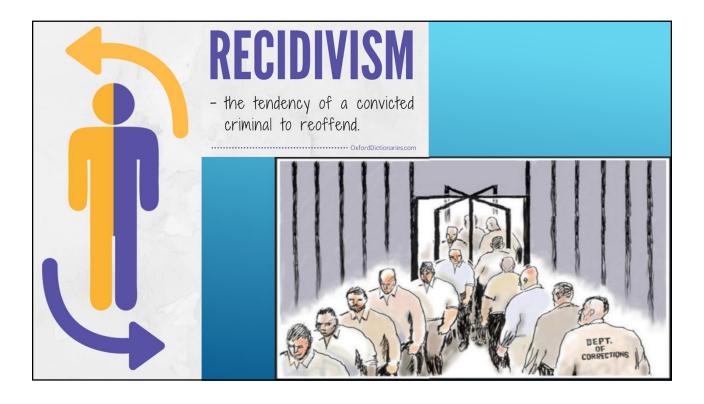


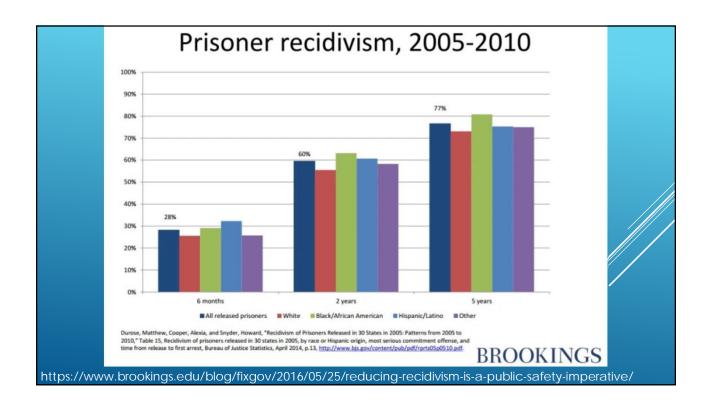


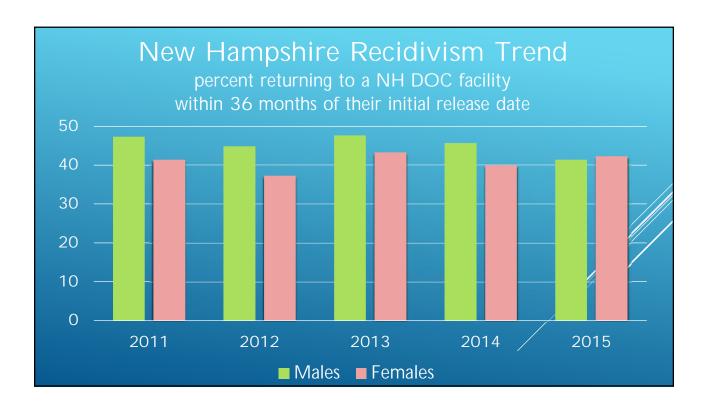


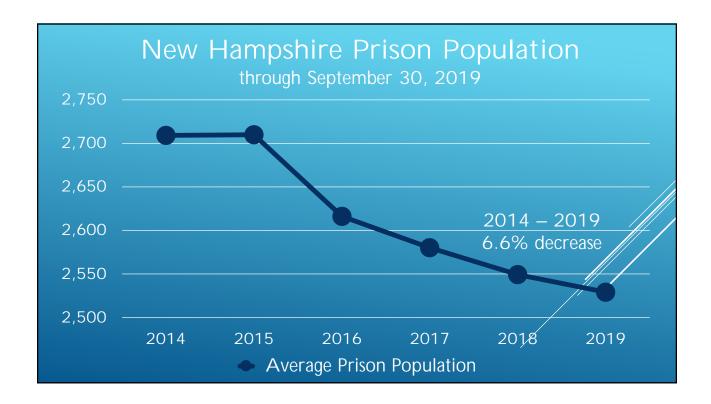
















**The Print Shop:** Jim Weaver, our print shop manager, has 20 years of experience and it shows in the quality of work the shop turns out. The shop produces everything from stationary to memo pads, calendars to full color brochures, multi part forms to sequentially numbered stickers. We also have a state of the art typesetting, graphic design and art service that can give your project a creative touch you can be proud of. Whether big or small, Jim and his crew can handle any printing job you need done. **(603) 271-2857** 



**The Sign Shop:** Alan Burgess manages the sign shop full time. With his 23 years of experience, there is not much Alan has not put on a sign. The sign shop does more than just the road signs you see every day on your way to work. The sign shop offers customized signage of all types, awards and plaques, as well as engraved name plates and tags. With our new high tech laser engraver we can put words and images on almost any flat surface including metal, glass, wood and more. **(603) 271-1874** 



**Upholstery, Restoration & Refinishing:** We have two shops that do upholstery and refinishing. Jerry Teal runs the Concord shop, and Tim Villeneuve runs the Berlin shop. Between them, they have over 32 years of experience. The shops do residential and commercial re-upholstery and restoration and can handle everything from the fabric to hand tying springs. Other services include wood furniture restoration and chair caning. Our newest growth area is in re-upholstering boat, snowmobile and ATV cushions.

Southern Division (603) 271-6587

Northern Division (603) 752-0376



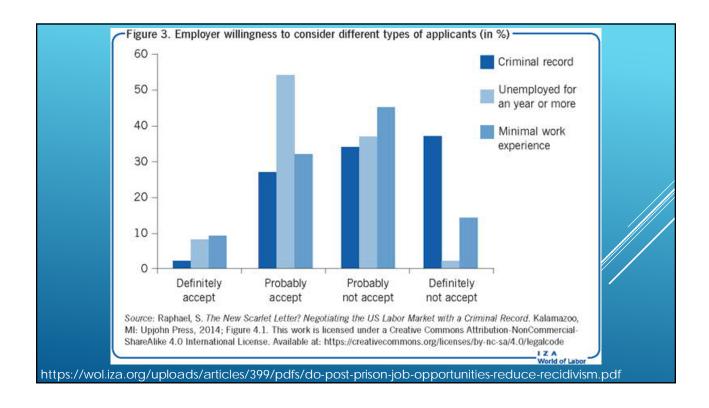
**Wood Shop & Furniture Crafting:** Bryant Russell has been with the DOC for almost 3 years and has been managing the wood shop since March. Bryant's shop produces most of the furniture for the retail store, as well as custom pieces for private customers and state agencies. Offering a wide range of products, the shop produces everything from cutting boards to cherry bedroom sets. Browse the selection on display at the retail showroom located at 312 North State St. Concord, NH 03301. **(603)** 752-0375

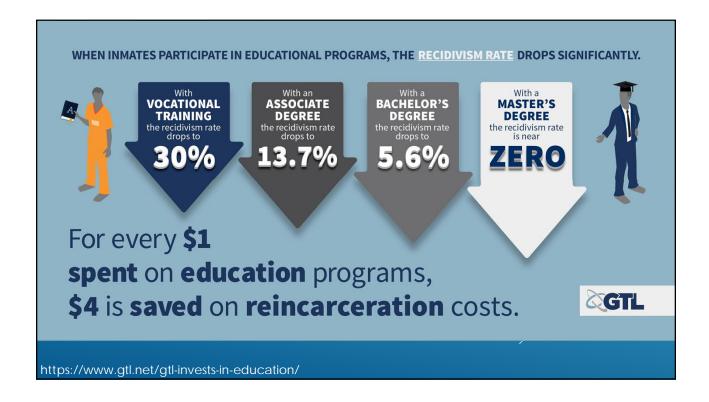
# Addressing Recidivism



**Apprenticeship Programs:** New Hampshire Correctional Industries offers apprenticeship programs in various occupations including upholstery, printing and braille transcription. These trades are taught by resident master craftsmen to other residents. Depending on the trade the apprentice receives up to 8000 hours of hands-on and class room training, supplemented with text book reading requirements and written testing. Participants are required to show progression by completing the job tasks of increasing difficulty under direct and eventually indirect tutelage of master craftsman. Upon completion of the apprenticeship, the apprentice is granted a "Journeymen Certification" sanctioned by the U.S. Department of Labor. They also become eligible to receive up to a 60 day sentence reduction.







You ultimately judge the civility of a society not by how it treats the rich, the powerful, the protected and the highly esteemed, but by how it treats the poor, the disfavored, and the disadvantaged.

